

Measuring and Reporting Transit Agency & Industry-wide Performance Impacts

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Today's Agenda

Impact Reporting – What It Is & Why It's Important

Seven Step Process For Assessing Your Impact and Telling Your Story

Suggestions for Alaska's Transit Industry-wide Impact

Next Steps





What Is
Impact
Reporting?

Answering the Question:

Why Should We Exist?





Societal Impacts

- Quality of Life
 - Customer cost savings
- ❖ Access to Healthcare
- Allowing for aging in place
- Maintaining character of rural communities





Economic Impacts

- Access to Businesses/Jobs
- Transit Operations Direct and Supporting Jobs
- Keeping workers employed/Avoiding welfare costs





Environmental Impacts

- Reduction in Pollution
- Reduction in Energy Consumption
- * Reduction in Greenhouse Gas Emissions





Case Study #1:
Urban Transit
& TDM
Agency

Arlington County, Va.







Customer Service Fulfillment Center

703.228.RIDE call center for ART, websites

- Fulfilled 29,000 inquiries in 2008 for transit info, fare media, and other services
- ❖ Generated \$13M in sales in 2008 54% from web
- Provide fare media for VRE, WMATA, MARC, MTA
- Introduced SmartBenefits option to receive paper rail tickets





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Distribution & Logistics and Bus Stop Signage





- Distributed 550,000 transit schedules
- Placed transit info at 425 ART and 55 Pike Ride bus stops
- Installed 150 "take one" info display units at commercial and residential buildings



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Special Initiatives

Bike Arlington, WALKArlington, Arlington Carshare











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Internet Services

CommuterPage.com, CommuterDirect, ArtAlert





- 3,500 visitors per day
- 12th year of CommuterPage.com
- Citation from Dr. Gridlock as "region's best transportation resource"





CommuterPage.com



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ACCS Marketing

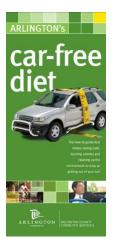
Are you on Arlington's car-free diet?







- 18-month iRide Teen Transit initiative received awards from APTA and ACT
- ART lunch loop
- Produced Arlington edition of How to Live Well Without a Car



The Orange Line with a View Ballston Clarendon Rosslyn Georgetown Farragut West

16

TDM for Site Plan Development



- 113 site plans in TDM database
- 100% compliance in 2008
- 12 new sites plans with TDM
- \$1.5 M new contributions over 30 years







17







79%

Net Promoter Score™

Quantify specific contributions a transit system makes to a community's transportation system - VMTs and air quality.





Quantify specific contributions to an area's economic health mobility and access (to high quality of life ... healthcare, education, etc.).





Key Impact: Changes in Travel Mode

A sizeable share of ACCS customers started or increased use of non-SOV modes since using ACCS services:





	<u>Work Mode</u>	Non-work
Commuter Stores	32%	32%
CommuterDirect	31%	25%
CommuterPage	55%	43%
BikeArlington		33%
Walk Arlington		37%





Trips and VMT Reduced - 2008

38,000

daily trips reduced - 19,000 each a.m. and p.m.

542,000

daily VMT eliminated





Environmental Benefits - 2008

- Shifts to non-drive alone modes and reduced VMT also help meet environmental goals, reduce Arlington's carbon footprint, and save energy
- In 2008, ACCS programs reduced:
 - 65 tons of NOx
 - * 40 tons of VOC
 - * <u>64,000</u> tons of CO2
 - * 6.2 million gallons of gas







Case Study #2: Rural Transit Agency



Baldwin Rural Area Transportation System (BRATS), Alabama

Ride to Work program was established after consultation with area businesses, area chambers of commerce, and with local human service agencies to develop services to connect rural areas to urban Mobile, Alabama market.





Results

- BRATS now runs over 2,000 passenger trips per month during the morning and evening commute.
- Supports over 1,000 jobs!

Source: CTAA 2009 Profile of Rural Vanpool Programs





Case Study #3: Rural Transit Agency

Case Study: Kings Area Rural Transit





Challenge:

Limited transportation options for residents and workers in the San Joaquin Valley, located in southern California, needing to travel to work sites such as farms, correctional facilities and employers located in rural communities throughout the region. Additionally, farm workers were travelling in unsafe and unreliable conditions. New services would have to meet long-distance commute patterns and off-peak shift hours.





Case Study: Kings Area Rural Transit





BOOMER PROJECT

Solution:

KART started a vanpool program to meet the transportation needs in the region. These vanpools effectively address the challenges of limited public transit options for work trips, varied work sites and nontraditional work shifts.

Additionally, farm workers have safe, reliable transportation operated by qualified drivers.

Currently, more than 350 vanpools operate in eight counties.

Now casinos and ski resorts throughout the state are turning to KART for advice as well.



Why Invest In Measuring & Reporting Impacts?

Demonstrates positive return on historic investment in your transit services.





2.

Makes a compelling case for continued investment into the future.





Demonstrates your culture of accountability and transparency.





4.

Helps build greater awareness and understanding of your transit system





Organizes key messages for your supporters and advocates





6.

Distinguishes your agency from most others in grant requests





In line with the latest trends – being a purposeful organization





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Easy Steps To Assess & Reporting Your Impacts

1

Establish impact criteria that will impress your stakeholders

What To Do

Interview Your Stakeholders.

Find out what specific "impact areas" impress them.

Societal Impacts

- Quality of Life
 - Customer cost savings
- ❖ Access to Healthcare
- Allowing for aging in place
- Maintaining character of rural communities





Economic Impacts

- Access to Businesses/Jobs
- Transit Operations Direct and Supporting Jobs
- Keeping workers employed/Avoiding welfare costs





Environmental Impacts

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Local Business Impacts

- Access to expanded workforce
- Tourism revenue (where applicable)
- Expanded access to consumers





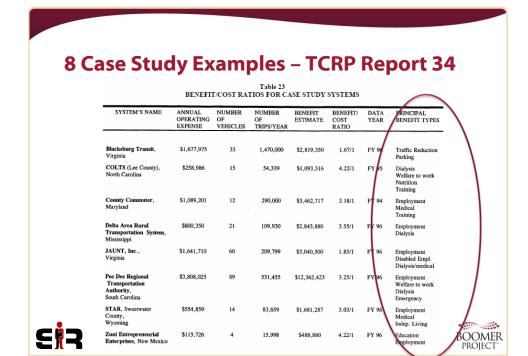
TCRP Case Study Examples



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http://onlinepubs.trb.org/onlinepubs/tcrp/tcrp_rpt_34.pdf





What To Do

With impact areas defined, outline the mathematical formula (calculation) needed and specific data required to calculate impact(s).



Put a measurement / assessment system In place to collect needed inputs

Use Surveys & Secondary Information To Support Criteria Selected In Step 1

- Might include any or all of following:
 - Customer Survey
 - Business Survey
 - Community Survey
- Secondary data:
 - Cross referencing of US Census data with currently collected data such as ridership
 - Costs figures from outside sources:
 - Cost per gallon of fuel
 - Opportunity costs of receiving preventative healthcare vs. waiting until emergency healthcare





Word of Caution

The system you put in place will be determined by the Impacts selected in Step 1. You may have to revise the Impacts in Step 1 if you find the data collection becomes overwhelming or too time consuming or expensive to collect.

Crawl. Walk. Run.





Sample Questionnaire

- What is the main purpose of your trip? If going home, indicate where you came from before you got on the bus.
 - a. Work / Work-related
 - b. Medical / Dental
 - c. Education
 - d. Shopping, recreation or tourism
 - e. Other
- 2. For work trips If public transportation was not available, you would:
 - a. Not be able to work
 - b. Look for another job (closer to home)
 - c. Adjust your working hours
 - d. Work at home
 - e. Use another means of transportation
 - f. Other



Adopted from Michigan DOT Economic and Community Benefits of Local Bus Transit Service (Phase 2) – 07/10



Sample Questionnaire

- 3. For medical trips If public transportation was not available, you would:
 - a. Not seek medical assistance
 - b. Select another physician / care provider
 - c. Receive home care
 - d. Use another means of transportation
 - e. Other
- 4. For education trips If public transportation was not available, you would:
 - a. Not be able to attend school / college
 - b. Miss more classes or school activities
 - c. Choose another school (closer to home)
 - d. Use another means of transportation
 - e Other

Adopted from Michigan DOT Economic and Community Benefits of Local Bus Transit Service (Phase 2) – 07/10





Sample Questionnaire

- For shopping, recreation or tourism trips If public transportation was not available, you would:
 - a. Make fewer trips
 - b. Go to a different shopping center/attraction
 - c. Shop online or by catalog
 - d. Use another means of transportation
 - e. Other
- 6) For other trips If public transportation was not available, you would:
 - a. Make fewer trips
 - b. Use another means of transportation
 - c. Other

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Adopted from Michigan DOT Economic and Community Benefits of Local Bus Transit Service (Phase 2) – 07/10



Sample Questionnaire

- 7) If public transportation was not available, what other means of transportation would you use?
 - a. Drive your personal vehicle
 - b. Ride with someone else
 - c. Taxi
 - d. Bicycle
 - e. Walk
 - f. Other
- 8) Optional: If you are taking this bus for work, please list the name of your employer.
- 9) In your own words, what does this service mean for you?

Adopted from Michigan DOT Economic and Community Benefits of Local Bus Transit Service (Phase 2) – 07/10





What To Do

Survey your riders.
Use their self-reported use of your transit system as impact inputs.







Periodically collect needed data

Data Collection Should Be Methodical

- ❖ Take into account service fluctuations
 - Seasonal trends
 - Time of day
 - ❖ Weekday vs. weekend
- Collect ongoing data around same time of year
- Do not duplicate what is already collected
- Balance data collection vs. overburdening staff





What To Do

Map out data collection schedule – one-time vs. ongoing.

Adjust schedules if necessary to avoid weather events.







Data Analysis

- Check and clean data that has been collected
 throw out outliers
- Use survey-generated data to run simple "impact equations / models."
- Use and properly source surrogate "multipliers" if local estimates are not available.





Job Impact - Positive

How many people "get to work" using your system?

unique riders in a year



percentage who say they use your system to get to work





Job Impact – Safety Net

How many people would not be able to work if your system did not exist?

Unique riders



percentage who say they could not get to work if public transit was not provided





Education Impact - Positive

How many people get to attend school/college because of your system?

unique riders per year



percentage who say they attend school/college using your public transit system





Education Impact – Safety Net

How many people get to attend school/college because of your system?

unique riders per year



percentage who say they could not attend school/college if public transit was not provided





Public Assistance Cost Avoidance Impact

How much other governmental expense is avoided because your system exists?

Unique riders per year



percentage who say they could not get to work if public transit was not provided



average monthly public assistance cost (\$196*)



average duration (12 months*)



*Average Rural Transit Figures Adopted from Michigan DOT Economic and Community Benefits of Local Bus Transit Service (Phase 2) Model Inputs – 07/10



Aging In Place Cost Savings Impact

What is the public benefit of providing transit which allows seniors to age in place rather than live in a nursing home?

riders who would otherwise be in nursing home

Est. 30

X

(annual nursing home cost – at-home cost) Public benefit of allowing seniors to age in place

Est. \$24,000 annually

Est. \$720,000 annually



TCRP Report 34 STAR Transit example - p. 187



Incremental Healthcare Cost Savings Impact

How much does your transit system save your community in healthcare costs?

unique riders per year



percentage
who say they
would not seek
medical
assistance if
public transit
was not
provided



incremental healthcare cost of home healthcare visit(\$50*)

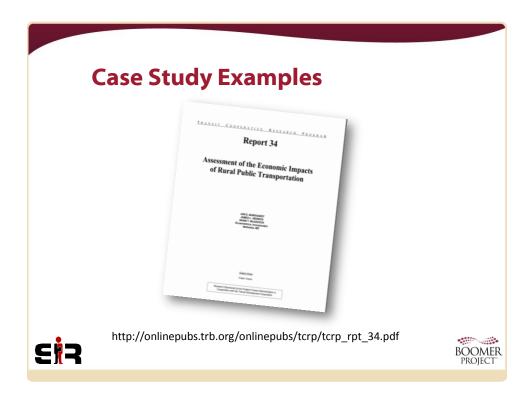


average number of medicalrelated visits (over 12 months*)



Average Rural Transit Figures Adopted from Michigan DOT Economic and Community Benefits of Local Bus Transit Service (Phase 2) Model Inputs – 07/10





Case Study Examples – TCRP Report 34 ${\bf Table~23} \\ {\bf BENEFIT/COST~RATIOS~FOR~CASE~STUDY~SYSTEMS}$ NUMBER ANNUAL NU OPERATING OF NUMBER OF BENEFIT/ BENEFIT DATA YEAR PRINCIPAL. BENEFIT TYPES TRIPS/YEAR VEHICLES Blacksburg Transit, Virginia Traffic Reduction Parking \$1,677,975 1,470,000 \$2,819,350 1.67/1 COLTS (Lee County), \$258,986 Dialysis Welfare to work 54,339 \$1,093,316 4.22/1 FY 95 County Commuter, Maryland Employment Medical Training \$1,089,201 290,000 \$3,462,717 3.18/1 FY 94 Delta Area Rural \$800,350 109,930 \$2,843,880 3.55/1 FY 96 Employment Dialysis Transportation System, Mississippi JAUNT, Inc., Virginia 209,799 \$3,040,500 1.85/1 FY 96 Employment Disabled Empl. Dialysis/medical Pee Dee Regional Transportation Authority, South Carolina \$3,808,025 \$12,362,423 Employment Welfare to work Dialysis STAR, Sweetwater County, Wyoming Employment Medical \$554,859 \$1,681,287 3.03/1 Indep. Living Zuni Entrepreneurial Enterprises, New Mexico BOOMER \$115,726 15,998 \$488,880 4.22/1 FY 96 Education Employment

What To Do

Use data to fill in "equations" to calculate impacts

Note where third-party professional estimates / assumptions are used and what they are based upon







The "Wow" Factor

- Tell your story using language that's impressive...and that your audience understands.
- ❖ Use imagination to "Wow" them.
- Consider how things would be if your system did not exist – Ex: Without ABC Transit, 3,000 residents would not have jobs, and then list costs to the community.
- Personalize the factoids with testimonials.





Virginia Commuter Programs

On the impact of its Commuter Assistance Program...

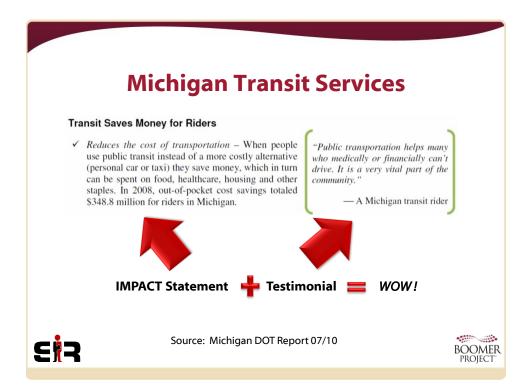
"According to US Census figures, 440,000 Virginians carpool to work each day.

If every one of them stopped carpooling and got into a single occupant vehicle, it would represent a single lane of cars stretching from Richmond to Orlando – and back."

Source: Virginia DRPT







ACCS' Wow Factors ❖ 38,000 daily trips reduced – 19,000 each a.m. and p.m. Comparisons of scale - morning commute trips: ACCS a.m. trips reduced Arlington Metrobus a.m. trips MARC a.m. trips 16,800 I-66 a.m. eastbound Arlington trips 12,000 VRE a.m. trips 7,800 0 5.000 10,000 15,000 20,000 25,000 Siz BOOMER

Arlington County Commuter Services

Arlington County Commuter Services has calculated that its Employer Services Programs costs \$.04 per vehicle mile reduced from customers using their program compared to the \$.92 per mile it would cost to construct the expressway lanes that would need to be built their customers if they drove alone – a difference of \$.88 per mile reduced.

On the surface it doesn't sound like much except for the fact that their program reduces 341,000 miles daily resulting in a positive cost impact of \$300,000 per day from this part of their program.

Source: 2010 ACCS Analysis





What To Do

Think big - "wow" factors and humanize the data /related outcomes when possible.

Let your impact calculation tell a compelling story about your service.







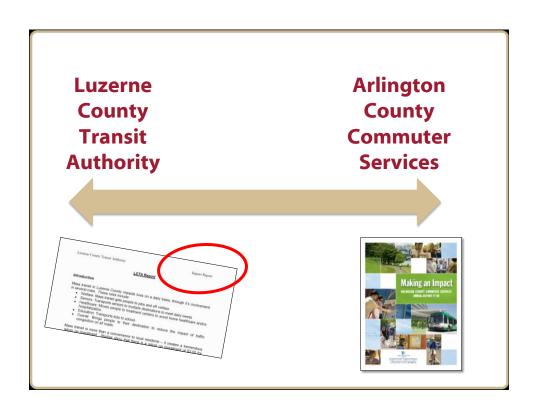
Package impact outcomes into an official-looking report

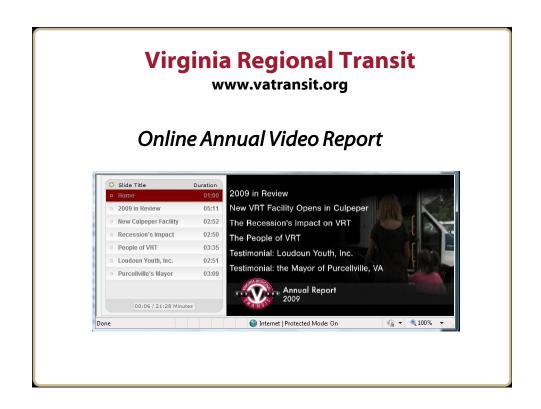
Hard Copy "Official" Report

- Can take many forms from professionally printed to Microsoft Word or PowerPoint
- One page several pages
- Should be used as a leave behind with target audiences
- Careful how you name it Annual Report implies you will do it every year
- Use customer testimonials and pictures of people – not buses.

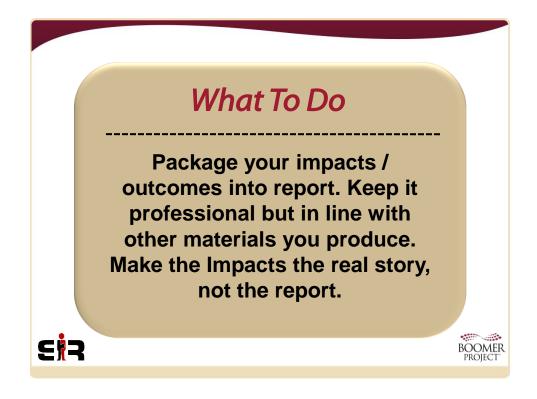














Merchandise report to key stakeholders

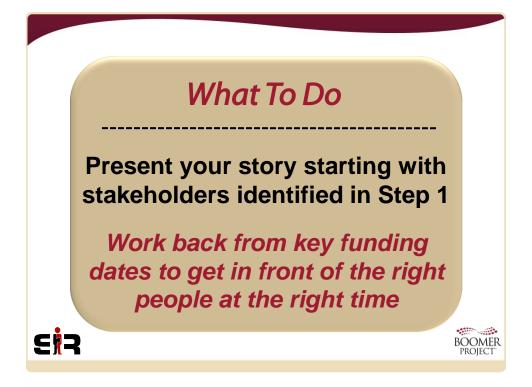
Stakeholder Road Show

- Start with stakeholders who assisted you in Step 1
- Ask for continued support including speaking on your behalf at public hearings regarding funding
- Make sure to get in front of funders early in the process – especially local share funders
- Consider sharing on-line or at conferences
- Help others to tell your story . . .









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Create "Impact Reporting"
Support Tools For
Transit Agencies

Suggested Tools For Alaska Community Transit

- Standard impact assessment questions for local surveys
- Directions on administering simple surveys and calculating impact outcomes
- Example Impact reporting templates





hared Repositor

Create "Shared Repository" of Impact Reporting Best Practices

Let's Share Our Knowledge

Create an online resource sharing and exchange center on "calculating and reporting the impact of Alaska's community transit services."







Transit Cooperative Research Program 1998

http://onlinepubs.trb.org/onlinepubs/tcrp/tcrp/rpt/34.pdf



3.1 to 1

For every dollar invested in rural transit, it generates \$3.1 dollars in community benefits

Quantify specific contributions a transit system makes to a community's overall vitality - such as jobs and economic output.





Michigan Impact Assessment 2010





Economic and Community Benefits of Local Bus Transit Service

Sustained about 9,200 jobs

Contributed \$1 billion in economic output in Michigan in 2008.

Money passengers save by taking the bus add \$264.4 million to the Michigan economy.



www.michigan.gov/documents/mdot/MDOT-EconomicBenefitsCaseStudy_328979_7.pdf



Michigan Transit Expands Mobility

Facilitates access to jobs and medical care -

Over 40 percent of trips made by transit patrons in Michigan are for work or medical purposes. A number of those patrons (especially those with low income, no access to a car, or with disabilities) rely entirely on public transit for their mobility needs. ...

If public transit was no longer available they would have no choice but to forego their trips. The economic value of those foregone trips is estimated at \$67.6 million in 2008.

Some patrons would also require homecare or they would no longer be able to go to work. Thus, an estimated \$56.6 million in cross-sector benefits (i.e., homecare cost savings and welfare cost savings) in 2008 are attributable to public transit.



Source: Michigan DOT Report 07/10



Today's Agenda

Quick Review: Major Trends & 10 Strategic Imperatives for Rural Transit

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1. Download This Presentation:

On Alaska Community Transit's Website









Download These Documents

Resources:

Arlington County Commuter Service IMPACT Report http://www.commuterpage.com/research/uploads/ACCS027/ACCS%20Impact% 20FY08%20Report.pdf

Michigan Case Study http://www.michigan.gov/documents/mdot/MDOT-EconomicBenefitsCaseStudy_328979_7.pdf

TCRP Reports

http://onlinepubs.trb.org/onlinepubs/tcrp/tcrp rpt 34.pdf http://onlinepubs.trb.org/onlinepubs/tcrp/tcrp rpt 49.pdf



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BOOMER PROJECT



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